State of California

California Integrated Waste Management Board

Application to Petition for Reduced Diversion Requirements For Rural Jurisdictions

To request a reduced diversion or planning requirement, please contact your Office of Local Assistance (OLA) representative, who can assist you with completing this form. Once you have signed and completed this form return it to your OLA representative at the address below, along with any additional information requested by OLA staff. Once all documentation has been received, your OLA representative will work with you to prepare your request to be considered by the California Integrated Waste Management Board (Board) at its monthly meeting.

Mail Completed Documents to:

California Integrated Waste Management Board, Office of Local Assistance 1001 I Street, 9th Floor PO Box 4025 Sacramento, CA 95812-4025

Section I: Jurisdiction Information and Certification

To qualify for a rural reduction in the diversion and planning requirements, a jurisdiction must meet the rural definition and certain other requirements set forth in statute and regulation (Attachment A). Please contact your OLA representative to determine whether your jurisdiction is listed as rural on the California Integrated Waste Management Board's (CIWMB) Waste Analysis Branch <u>Rural Status</u> spreadsheet?

Jurisdiction Information and Certifica	tion			·	
I certify under penalty of perjury that the information in this document is true and correct to the					
best of my knowledge, and that I am	autho	rized to make this certific	ation on behal	f of:	
Jurisdiction Name		County			
City of Alturas		Modoc			
Authorized Signature	Title				
Richard Hisonymou	4	Deputy Public Works Director			
Type/Print Name of Person Signing		Date	Phone (Begin With Area		
		8/1/02	Code)		
Richard Hironymous		9/1/02	(530) 233-	6405	
Mailing Address	City	y	State	Zip	
			CA	96101	
202 West 4th Street	Altı	uras			
E-Mail Address	Fax	ax Number			
rickhi@hdo.net (530		(530) 233-3132			

funding we have available.

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Section II: Diversion Rate Request and Waste Generation Summary
Please enter requested information below. *All calculations should be based on amounts for the year the reduced rat is being requested.
Diversion Rate Requested:16
Population*:3,000
Waste Generation Summary*:
Disposal:3,240.10tons
Diversion:670.90tons
Per Capita Waste Generation:7.14lbs./person/day
Residential Non-Res. Generation 47 % Generation 53 %
Section III: Basis for Request The following questions are in reference to the Board-approved Policy for Granting Reductions in the 50% Mediumterm (year 2000) Diversion Requirement dated October 27, 1994 (Attachment B). Please address the following questions and provide any additional information that will support your petition to reduce the diversion requirements.
1. Please include an overall statement as to why your jurisdiction is unable to meet the state-mandated 50 percent diversion requirement. Discuss the diversion rate that the jurisdiction feels is achievable and explain the basis for the reduced diversion rate that you are requesting.
The City of Alturas (City) is a rural jurisdiction with a population of 3,000, experiencing several factors impeding its ability to reach their existing reduced goal of 36.3 percent. (In 1994, the Board granted the City of Alturas a reduced diversion goal.) These factors include the City's current economic status, a

2. Are there significant material types for which no programs have been implemented or for which programs are inadequate? Is there a significant waste generator in the jurisdiction that is not diverting materials?

current unemployment rate of 9%, budget constraints, lack of subsidized funding for mandated programs, geographic impediments, and its distance from larger industrialized areas and major markets. Despite these limitations, the City has done everything feasible pertaining to program implementation with what little

Paper. Because of the location of the City, the primary problem is the cost incurred to transport materials to market. Often times the transportation costs are higher than the market value of the material. No. The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) transports paper to a recycler in Redding on a monthly basis. The Public Works Department no longer collects office paper due to lack of marketable opportunities and cost. The Public Works Department had broached the subject of partnering with BLM to divert paper, but this idea was not economically feasible for the City. BLM receives federal funding for paper diversion, but they

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State of California California California Integrated Waste Management Board did not want to bother with additional paper diversion from the City. The local recycler does not collect paper because the cost of transportation exceeds the market value of the material. Alturas Disposal does not collect paper from local businesses. This was attempted, but it is not feasible due to the cost of collection, cost of transportation and the lack of having a place to store materials until a full load is collected. It might take up to a year before enough paper has been stored to make it worthwhile to transport to market. The original waste generation projections included a substantial amount of paper diversion. Unfortunately, a high volume paper diversion program did not come to fruition. Therefore, the diversion rate for the City is substantially lower than what was originally projected.

- 3. Has source reduction been considered for those materials that cannot be recycled? Please describe. There is not an official policy in place; however, source reduction is practiced and encouraged because of the cost benefits. The City and the County purchase recycled content paper, purchase recycled oil and recap tires for trucks. An interoffice memo was distributed to City and County offices advocating this practice whenever feasible.
- 4. Are there any major climate or geographic impediments that hinder the planning and implementation of programs? Please describe.

Modoc County is located at California's eastern border with Nevada. The county is rural with one primary concentration of population – the city of Alturas with several smaller population concentrations distributed fairly widely throughout the county. The size of the County is 4,197.6 square miles with a population density of two people per square mile. Half of the population lives on farms and ranches. Elevations in the County range from 4,300 feet up to the highest point being 9,934 feet. The terrain is characterized by mountain valleys and high dessert. Precipitation falls mostly in the form of snow – approximately two feet at Tulelake to more than six feet in the Lake City area of Surprise Valley. Waste disposal is lowest in December, and waste disposal reaches its peak in the summer months. Geographic and climatic impediments present a hardship to those that live in outlying areas, which makes it difficult to travel to the landfill, recycling center or drop-off sites. In order to implement or sustain recycling programs, the remoteness of the county must always be considered. Often times this serves as a barrier, because the distance to any viable market prevents the feasibility of program implementation.

5. Is your jurisdiction located a significant distance from major markets for your materials? Is the population widely dispersed or is there a small population, which makes it difficult and expensive to collect recyclables? Please describe.

Yes. Major markets and the distance are as follows: Reno, Nevada - 180 miles, Klamath Falls, Oregon - 98 miles, Redding, California - 148 miles and Sacramento, California - 312 miles.

The population is relatively small and widely dispersed. Consumers may travel to Oregon to recycle their beverage containers because they receive a higher redemption value. This creates a hardship for the local recycling center, and it makes it difficult to quantify the amount of containers recycled. There is only one recycling center in the entire county.

6. Is your jurisdiction's tax base limited by significant state or federal ownership of land? Please describe.

Yes, the size of the County is 4,197.6 miles, and 75% of the county is federally owned. The Modoc National Forest Service or the Bureau of Land Management either owns the land. Since 75 percent of the

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county is federally owned, this limits the funding received from taxable sales, thus, making funding scarce
to help subsidize diversion programs.

7. Is your jurisdiction experiencing severe economic distress, high unemployment or above average poverty? Please describe.

Yes. According to the U.S. Department of Labor, the 2000 unemployment rate for Modoc County was 9 percent. California's unemployment rate for the year 2000 was 5%. Modoc County's high unemployment rate ranked 41st in the state. The county is actually loosing population due to the lack of jobs. According to the U.S Census Bureau, the population percent change from 1990 to 2000 decreased by 2.4 percent. Also, another factor contributing to the poor conditions that exist in the County is the low level of per capita personal income. According to the California State Controller's Office for fiscal year 1998-1999, the per capita income for Modoc Couny was \$19,783 compared to the statewide average of \$28,264. In 1998, the U.S. Census Bureau estimates that the percentage of people in poverty in Modoc County was 21.5 percent compared to the estimated statewide average of 14.9 percent.

8. Please identify budget constraints that may impact your jurisdiction's ability to implement additional programs. Is your jurisdiction pursuing every feasible means of generating revenue to fund diversion programs? Please describe.

The City is a rural jurisdiction, with a population of just over 3,000. Landfill operations do not have the volume to subsidize recycling and other mandated programs, and these programs are not feasible without outside subsidized funding due to the remoteness of the area compared to larger industrialized areas. Due to Proposition 218, we are unable to increase parcel fees without taking the item to a vote. It is impossible to raise fees without running the risk of people turning to illegal dumping. It has taken people 10 years just to get use to the fact of having to pay to take materials to the landfill.

9. Are the diversion programs currently effective? How effective are they? Please describe.

Programs have been partially successful. (Please see attached PARIS notes.) We have implemented as many programs as possible. There is not a large economic incentive for people in the area to separate their trash and recycle. Programs that have been successful include: the buyback and drop-off programs for aluminum and plastic beverage containers, used oil, scrap metal and white goods accepted at the landfill, and backyard composting.

10. Are there any proposed programs planned or to be expanded to increase the level of diversion? Is it feasible to develop additional programs to increase the level of diversion? Please describe.

In the near future, the city will be purchasing collection bins for aluminum, glass and plastic beverage containers to be placed throughout the City. A Grant through the Department of Conservation made this project possible. Holdorff's Recycling will service the containers, and the County will pay them \$300.00 a month.

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Section IV: Disposal Characterization

In order to fulfill the requirement for documentation on the types and quantifies of waste disposed in your jurisdiction, the following sources of jurisdiction specific information should be attached to this application and marked Attachment 1—Disposal Characterization:

- Solid Waste Generation or Characterization Study (SWGS) information found in the jurisdiction's Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE)
- Disposal Reporting System (DRS) data (most recent available) for the jurisdiction
- Profiles information which can be found at: http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/Profiles/Juris/
- Any additional information may also be included.

Section V: Disposal and Diversion Collection Systems

Please provide information about the diversion and disposal collection systems provided by your jurisdiction.

Give a general description of your jurisdiction's contractual agreement(s) for diversion and disposal collection with the hauler(s) (i.e. exclusive franchise/competitive, length of contract, AB939 requirements, variable can rate incentives, etc.), funding sources/rates: (parcel fees, gate fees, utility fees, etc.) Attach additional sheet if needed.

Alturas disposal, a waste management company, charges \$9.00 a month to provide one garbage container and \$12.00 a month for two containers. Service is weekly. Curbside garbage collection is the only service provided. Collection is voluntary. Alturas disposal has an exclusive franchise agreement for the following cities: Alturas, Surprise Valley and Adin. In addition, Alturas Disposal services the ten transfer stations and the one landfill. This is a 5-year contract, with a renewal for an additional five years. There is not a lot of competition in Modoc County.

COLLECTION SYSTEMS: (complete all that apply.)

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RESIDENTIAL SECTOR:	
Disposal	Diversion
Curbside collection Manual Semi-automated Automated Weekly Bi-weekly Mandatory participation Franchise Hauler Private Haulers Percent Self-haulers to landfill Percent Self-haulers to transfer station Additional Information: 50 percent self-haul	Weekly Bi-weekly Mandatory participation Franchise Hauler Private Haulers Self-haulers Materials collected curbside: None Materials collected at drop-off site(s) (i.e., how many, including buy-back sites?) Three, including the buyback facility. Drop-off locations collect beverage containers. The buyback center collects the following materials: scrap metal (irrigation pipe, satellite dishes, scrap aluminum, copper and brass), glass, aluminum, plastic 1 & 2, and bimetal. Additional Information: Additional Information:

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Weekly Bi-weekly Mandatory participation Franchise Hauler Private Haulers Self-haulers Materials collected curbside: None
Materials collected at drop-off site(s) (i.e., how many, including buy-back sites?) Three, including the buyback facility. Drop-off locations collect beverage containers. The buyback center collects the following materials: scrap metal (irrigation pipe, satellite dishes, scrap aluminum, copper and brass), glass, aluminum, plastic 1 & 2, and bimetal. Many of the bars and restaurants in town will bring their glass to the buy-back facility
 Additional Information:

Please provide any additional information about your jurisdiction's disposal or diversion collection systems that you feel may support your request:

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Section VI: Diversion Characterization

Please describe your jurisdiction's current diversion activities, material and sector targeted, and approximate diversion rate. (Using the Board's PARIS program codes, list current diversion activities in the table below. For specific program codes, refer to your jurisdiction's PARIS information located at: http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/lgtoolsl/paris/jurpgmsu.asp.)

Diversion Activity	Materials Targeted	Sector Targeted (Residential/ Non-Residential)	Approximate Diversion Rate Resulting From This Activity (if quantifiable)	Describe How This Activity Has Been Promoted
1010-SR-BCM	Grass clippings and food waste	Residential		Brochures, workshops and promotional events
1030-SR-PMT	Purchase recycled content paper, ink cartridges, tires, and oil	Commercial, Government and Schools		Interoffice memo
1050-SR-GOV	Coffee mugs, double sided copies and reuse of paper	Government		Interoffice memo
1060-SR-MTE	Used clothing	Residential		Newspaper
2010-RC-DRP	Beverage containers	Residential		Recycler advertises in newspaper
2020-RC-BYB	Beverage Containers	Residential		Recycler advertises in newspaper
2050-RC-SCH	Beverage Containers	School		Flyers
3020-CM-COG	Grass clippings and tree trimmings	Commercial		Promotion by private landscaper
4020-SP-TRS	Tires	All sectors		Residents will call public works department with recycling questions
4030-SP-WHG	White Goods	All sectors		Residents will call public works department with recycling questions
4040-SP-SCM	Scrap Metal	All sectors		Residents will call public works department with recycling questions
4050-SP-WDW	Wood waste	All sectors		Residents will call public works

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				department with
				recycling questions
				Residents will call
				public works
	Concrete/Asp			department with
4060-SP-CAR	halt/Rubble	All sectors		recycling questions
	Sludge, inerts,			Residents will call
	scrap and ash			public works
	from wood			department with
7010-FR-LAN	waste	All sectors		recycling questions
	Scrap metals,			Residents will call
	white goods,			public works
	auto bodies			department with
7020-FR-TST	and parts	All sectors		recycling questions
	Ash from			
	wood waste]		Residents will call
	used for			public works
	Alternative			department with
7040-FR-ADC	Daily Cover	All sectors		recycling questions

^{**}Attach additional pages as necessary

Section VII: Programs Supporting Diversion Activities

Please describe your public sector diversion and procurement programs. (PRC Section 41787)

Material type targeted (i.e.; office paper)	Program description	Ordinances adopted or public policy developed (by whom, when, for what purpose? Attach copies of ordinances)
Office paper	Voluntary - purchase recycled content office paper	Informal policy that is left up to the individual offices.
Office paper	Recycle Office Paper - BLM recycles office paper, and paper collected is shipped once a month to a recycler in Redding.	Informal policy that is left up to the individual offices.
Tires	Service offices and Bureau of Land Management offices purchase re-treaded tires for some vehicles.	Informal policy that is left up to the individual offices.
Ink jet cartridges	Small business recycles ink jet cartridges/business employs six physically challenged people who work at the activity center	Informal policy that is left up to the individual offices.

Please describe your public information, education and outreach programs. (PRC Section 41787)

Public sector targeted (i.e., single residential, multi-residential, businesses, schools, etc.)	Material type targeted (i.e., greenwaste, commingled, cardboard, etc)	Program description	Frequency/number of contacts, mailings, advertisements during the last year
Single residential	HHW, used oil, recyclables, composting, grasscycling	July 4th Cruise Classic Car Show and County Fair. Booth staffed by public works employees. Public works office will advertise HHW drop off locations about 25 times a year.	Two events a year and approximately 1,500 contacts at each event.
Single Residential	HHW, used oil, recyclables, composting,	Residents will call public works department with	The Public Works Office receives one call a day, and

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	grasscycling	recycling questions.	staff will direct the call to the appropriate recycling location. Composting and grasscycling brochures are available at the Public Works Office.
Multi-Residential	HHW, used oil	Outreach	Advertise in the paper about 25 times a year to promote HHW & used oil drop-off recycling locations. They receive an annual block grant of \$15,000.
Schools, and special groups	Beverage containers and scrap metal	Tour of recycling center	Holdorff's Recycling Center was contacted by the Boy Scouts to conduct a tour of their facility
Schools	HHW, used oil, recyclables	Presentations	The CCC recently conducted recycling presentations at a number of he schools.

Table II-9
City of Alturas
Disposed Wastestream Characterization - 1991

Component	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agg. Total
	5 504	40.40/	0.0%	7.6%
Corr. Cardboard	5.5%	13.1%	0.0%	9.8%
Mixed Paper	9.2%	11.2%	0.0%	7.7%
Newspaper	7.9%	7.0% 2.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Hi-grade, computer	0.6%	13.7%	0.0%	9.0%
Other Paper	7.2%	46.9%	0.0%	35.0%
Subtotal Paper	30.4%			
HDPE Containers	0.7%	0.7%	0.0%	0.7%
PET Containers	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%
Film Plastics	2.2%	3.5%	0.0%	2.5%
Other Plastics	1.8%	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%
Subtotal Plastic	4.9%	6.1%	0.0%	5.2%
Refillable Beverage	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CA Redemption	2.2%	1.5%	0.0%	2.0%
Other Recyclable	4.4%	1.5%	0.0%	3.6%
Non-recyclable Glass	0.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.5%
Subtotal Glass	7.0%	3.6%	0.0%	6.0%
Aluminum Cans	0.6%	0.2%	0.0%	0.5%
	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%
Bi-metal Containers Ferrous Metals	2.4%	1.8%	0.0%	2.2%
Non-ferrous Metals	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.5%
	3.2%	1.9%	0.0%	2.8%
White Goods Subtotal Metal	7.0%	4.4%	0.0%	6.2%
Subtotal metal				2.00
Yard Waste	11.2%	3,2%	0.0%	9.0%
Food Waste	14.4%	9.3%	0.0%	12.9%
Tires & Rubber	2.1%	2.4%	0.0%	2.2%
Wood Wastes	7.4%	12.1%	0.0%	8.7%
Manure	0.1%	0.6%	0.0%	0.3%
Textiles/Leather	5.2%	2.5%	0.0%	4.5%
Misc. Organics	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Subtotal Organic	29.2%	26.9%	0.0%	28.6%
Inert Solids/Sheetrock	3.4%	3.9%	0.0%	3.6%
HHW	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Subtotal Other	3.4%	3.9%	0.0%	3,6%
				1.5%
Ash	1.6%	1.2%	0.0%	0.09
Sludges	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Auto Bodies	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.39
Other Special/Bulky	3.5%	2.7%	0.0%	1.69
Other Special/Diapers	1.7%	1.1% 5.0%	0.0%	6.4%
Subtotal Special	6.9%			
Total	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.09



2000 Jurisdiction Disposal by Facility*

Sorted by Qtr then SWIS Number Alturas, Modoc County/Region

Date Printed August 5,2002

Qtr	Facility Name (county)	Orphan SWIS# Code	In-State Disposal	Exported Out-of-State	Total Disposal
1	EXPORTED OUT-OF-STATE (Modoc)	99-EXPORT 0	0.00	875.03	
		Qtr 1 Subtotals:	0.00	875.03	875.03
2	EXPORTED OUT-OF-STATE (Modoc)	99-EXPORT 0	0.00	719.81	
		Qtr 2 Subtotals:	0.00	719.81	719.81
3	EXPORTED OUT-OF-STATE (Modoc)	99-EXPORT 0	0.00	817.44	
		Qtr 3 Subtotals:	0.00	817.44	817.44
4	ALTURAS SANITARY LANDFILL (Modoc)	25-AA-0001 0	72.00	0.00	
	EXPORTED OUT-OF-STATE (Modoc)	99-EXPORT 0	0.00	755.82	
		Qtr 4 Subtotals:	72.00	755.82	827.82
		2000 Totals:	72.00	3,168.10	3,240.10

Orphan Codes: 0 - Not Orphan
1 - Origin is not a valid Jurisdiction
2 - Origin listed is a county
3 - BOE orphan
4 - Origin information not provided

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Jurisdiction Profile for City of Alturas

Overview Waste Flows	/ Dianni		ssistance Contacts Map		Charts
Profiles Home Overview Profile	r 101111111		New Jurisdiction		Help
General Information			State Representatives		•
Jurisdiction: Altu	ras		1 Senate District(s) More		
County: Mod				District <u>1</u>	
	Sq./Miles	S	1 Assembly District(s) More		
	ıntain	_	Aanestad, Sam (R) Assembl	y Distric	t <u>3</u>
Rural/Urban: Rura					
Household Materials Generators (19	999)		Business Materials Generators		
•	nt Rank	(of 526)	Taxable Sales (1998):	\$29,	483,000
Population: 3,00	00	487	Employment (1999):		188,405
Population Density: 1,364 /sq m			Businesses (1999):		15,293
Single Family Units: 1,13	26	474			
Multi-Family Units: 19	94	470			
Mobile Home Units: 10	09	359			
Household Materials Collection Household Diversion (2000)			Business Materials Collection Business Diversion (2000)		
Residential Curbside Recyclable Co	ollection:	Yes	Commercial On-Site Recyclable P	ickup: Ye	es
Residential Curbside Greenwaste (Collection	า: Yes	Commercial On-Site Greenwaste	Pickup: I	Vo
Residential Curbside HHW Collection	on: No				
Top 4 Materials in Household (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates)			Top 4 Materials in Business Dispos	sal	
(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>)	%	Tons	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates)		Tons/Yr
Top 4 Materials in Household (Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) Material Type Food	% 20.0%		(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates)</u> <i>Material Type</i>	%	<i>Tons/Yr</i> 40.655
(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) Material Type	20.0%	33,778	(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates)</u> Material Type Food	% 16.6%	40,655
(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) <i>Material Type</i> Food	20.0% 10.5%	33,778 17,702	(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) <i>Material Type</i> Food Remainder/Composite Paper	% 16.6% 12.0%	40,655 29,483
(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass	20.0% 10.5% 9.5%	33,778 17,702 16,008	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3%	40,655 29,483 15,357
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1%	33,778 17,702	(Based on 1999 Statewide <u>Estimates</u>) <i>Material Type</i> Food Remainder/Composite Paper	% 16.6% 12.0%	40,655 29,483
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1%	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Composite Compos	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1%	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates)	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates)	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1%	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% dlection	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% dlection	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More ** Tons % 1,948
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% ellection 0.8° 0.3° 0.2°	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper Plastic	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6% 4.5%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194 6,961	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% O.89 0.89 0.29 0.19	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597 % 320
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper Plastic Metal Construction and Demolition Glass	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6% 4.5% 4.0%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194 6,961 6,278	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition Metal Glass	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% 6.1% 0.8° 0.8° 0.3° 0.2° 0.1° 0.1°	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597 % 320 % 127
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper Plastic Metal Construction and Demolition Glass Mixed Residue	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6% 4.5% 4.0% 4.0%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194 6,961 6,278 6,278 6,215	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition Metal Glass Mixed Residue	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% 6.1% 0.8° 0.3° 0.2° 0.1° 0.1° 0.0°	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597 % 320 % 127 % 29
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper Plastic Metal Construction and Demolition Glass Mixed Residue Household Hazardous Waste	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6% 4.5% 4.0% 0.3%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194 6,961 6,278 6,215 497	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition Metal Glass Mixed Residue Household Hazardous Waste	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% 6.1% 0.8' 0.3' 0.2' 0.1' 0.0' 0.0' 0.0'	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597 % 320 % 127 % 29 % 6
(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Leaves and Grass Remainder/Composite Organic Remainder/Composite Paper Household Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Other Organic Paper Plastic Metal Construction and Demolition Glass Mixed Residue	20.0% 10.5% 9.5% 8.1% ollection % 45.0% 27.5% 8.9% 4.6% 4.5% 4.0% 4.0%	33,778 17,702 16,008 13,610 More Tons 69,924 42,653 13,752 7,194 6,961 6,278 6,215 497	(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Food Remainder/Composite Paper Uncoated Corrugated Cardboard Leaves and Grass Business Disposal by Materials Co (Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates) Material Type Paper Other Organic Plastic Construction and Demolition Metal Glass Mixed Residue	% 16.6% 12.0% 6.3% 6.1% 6.1% 0.8' 0.3' 0.2' 0.1' 0.0' 0.0' 0.0'	40,655 29,483 15,357 15,062 More % Tons % 1,948 % 1,916 % 782 % 597 % 320 % 127 % 29 % 6

Household Disposal Rates

Total Household Waste Disposal

No Data

No Data

No Data

No Data

No Data

(Based on 1999 Statewide Estimates)

(Tons/Yr.)

Sector%Tons/YrServices-Medical / Health15.6%37,256Retail Trade-Restaurants12.5%29,831

Services-Other Professional 8.8% 21,058 Services-Other 7.2% 17,102 More...

Business Disposal Rates (1998) 53% of overall disposal

Total Business Waste Disposal (Tons/Yr) 1,510
Employee Daily Disposal (Lbs./Employee/Day) 0.0
Disposal Related to Taxable Sales (lbs./\$100) 10.2

Waste Stream Information Profiles http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/Profiles/
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